

Q1. Sol^m (1) Interest on R.P.F. Excess of 9.5% 2500
 Interest 12000

ii) Excess of employer's contribution to R.P.F. of 12% of Salary 5400
 $15000 \times 12 = 180,000 \times \frac{3}{100}$

Taxable Annual Salary 7900

Note:- $\text{Rs } 12000 - \left(\frac{180000 \times 9.5}{100} \right) = \text{Rs } 2500$

Q2. Sol^m (a) The amount which ever is lower is exempted for tax

i) House Rent ^{allowance} received 5000×12 60,000
 ii) Excess Rent paid over 10% of Salary
 Rent paid 4000×12 48000
 Less: 10% Salary 38,400 9600

iii) 40% of Salary
 $38,400 \times \frac{40}{100} = 15,360$

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Basic pay	240,000
Basic Salary 20000×12	240,000
Dearness pay	120,000
Commission	<u>324,000</u>

Exempt 9,600
 Taxable $60,000 - 9,600 = 50,400$

b) The amount which ever is lower is exempt for tax.

i) House Rent ^{allowance} Received 5000×12 60,000

ii) Excess Rent paid over 10.1 of Salary
 Rent paid $7000 \times 12 = 84,000$

Less: 10.1 of Salary 36,000 48,000

iii) 40.1 of Salary
 $\frac{360,000 \times 40}{100} = 144,000$ 144,000

Exempt: 48,000
 Taxable $60,000 - 48,000 = 12,000$

c) The amount which ever is lower is exempt for Tax.

i) House Rent ^{allowance} Received $20,000 \times 12 = 240,000$

ii) Excess of rent paid over 10.1 of Salary
 Rent paid $5000 \times 12 = 60,000$

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Ans:- 50 % of Salary

24000

36000

ii) 50 % of Salary

$$240,000 \times \frac{50}{100}$$

1,20,000

Exempt 24000

Taxable - Nil.

Q3 Soln (1) X Ltd

Basic Salary $3000 \times 6 = 18000$

Dearness pay $250 \times 6 = 1500$

The amount which ever is lower of is exempt for tax.

i) House Rent Allowance Received $1000 \times 6 = 6000$

ii) Excess Rent paid over 10 % of Salary

Rent paid $3000 \times 6 = 18000$

Less: 10 % of Salary $19500 \times \frac{10}{100} = 1950$

16050

iii) 40 % of Salary

$$19500 \times \frac{40}{100}$$

= 7800

W. Note

$$\begin{aligned} \text{B.P} &= \text{Salary} + \text{D.P} \\ &= 18000 + 1500 \\ &= 19500 \end{aligned}$$

Exempt 6000

Taxable 6000 - 6000 Nil

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ii) Y L.I.d

Basic pay	$4000 \times 4 =$	16000
Dearness pay	$16000 \times \frac{25}{100} =$	4000
Commission	$100000 \times \frac{5}{100} =$	5000

The amount which ever is lower is exempt for tax.

① H.R.A received 2500×4 10,000

ii) Excess Rent paid over 10% of Salary

Rent paid	$3000 \times 4 =$	12000
Less: 10% of Salary	2500	9500

iii) 40% of Salary

	$21000 \times \frac{40}{100} =$	8400
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Exempt	9500	
Taxable	$10,000 - 8400 =$	1600

iii) Z L.I.d

Basic pay	$8000 \times 2 =$	16000
D.A	$1000 \times 2 =$	2000

Q4 Soln Computation of Taxable Amount of H.R.A

The amount which ever is lower is exempt
- pt for tax

- i) H. R. A Received 1,50,000
- ii) Excess Rent paid over 10% of Salary
- | | |
|---------------------|----------|
| Rent paid | 1,80,000 |
| Less: 10% of Salary | 40,000 |
| | 1,40,000 |
- iii) 40% of Salary
- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| $4,00,000 \times \frac{40}{100}$ | 1,60,000 |
|----------------------------------|----------|

Exempt 1,40,000
Taxable 1,50,000 - 1,40,000
= 10,000 Ans

Working Note

B: Salary + D.P

$$2,00,000 + 2,00,000 = 4,00,000$$

Q5 Soln

Computation of Income from Salary For the Assessment year 2019-20

	Amount	Amount
Gross Salary		3,00,000
i) Medical expenditure directly paid by the employer to private medical practitioner		25,000
ii) Medical expenditure directly paid by the employer to approved hospital	Exempt	Exempt
iii) Reimbursement of medical expenses incurred by the employee in an approved hospital	Exempt	
iv) Expenditure on travelling abroad. Not exempt as his G.T.I exceeds ₹ 2,00,000		1,50,000
v) Expenditure on stay and treatment abroad	2,50,000	
Less:- Exempt to the extent permitted by R.B.I	1,00,000	1,50,000
Less:- Standard deduction		6,25,000 40,000
<u>Income from Salary</u>		<u>5,85,000</u>

Ex 2 Computation of Taxable Salary

	Amount	Amount
Salary		500,000
Sickness Allowance		20,000
C. C. A		24,000
Medical Allowance		1,200
House Rent Allowance		
(120,000 - 100,000)		20,000
Gross Salary		543,600

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Less: Standard Deduction

40,000

40,000

Taxable Salary

503,600

The amount whichever is lower is exempt for tax.

(i) H. R. A received

120,000

(ii) Excess of Rent paid over 10% of Salary

Rent paid 150,000

Less: 10% of Salary 50,000

100,000

(iii) 50% of Salary

$500000 \times \frac{50}{100}$

= 2,50,000

Exempt 300,000

Taxable: 120,000 - 100,000

= 20,000.

Q7. Soln Computation of Taxable Salary

For the Assessment year 2019-20

	Amount	Amount
Salary 15000×12		1,80,000
Dearness pay		30,000
Running Allowance		
$\text{₹ } 16500 \cdot \text{C } \text{₹ } 16500 - 70\% \text{ of } \text{₹ } 16,500 \text{ or } \text{₹ } 10,000 \text{ p.m. whichever is less}$		4950
Education allowance		2400
Hostel allowance		2400
C. C. A (250 X 12)		3000
Uniform Allowance	Exempt	

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House Rent Allowance		15000
Gross Salary		2,67,750
Less:- Standard Deduction	40,000	40,000
<u>Taxable Salary</u>		<u>2,27,750</u>

Working Note

i) Education Allowance

$$200 \times 12 \times 2 = 4800$$

$$100 \times 12 \times 2 = 2400$$

$$\underline{2400}$$

ii) The amount whichever is lower is exempt for tax.

i) H.R.A received 2500×12 30,000

ii) Excess Rent paid over 10% of Salary

$$\text{Rent paid } 3000 \times 12 = 36000$$

$$10\% \text{ of Salary } 21000 \quad 15000$$

iii) 40% of Salary

$$210000 \times \frac{40}{100} = 84000$$

$$84000$$

Exempt 15000

$$\text{Taxable } 30,000 - 15000 = 15000$$

Salary Basic pay

Salary

$$1,80,000$$

D.P

$$30,000$$

$$\underline{\underline{2,10,000}}$$

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Q8 Soln Determine of Taxable Value of Allowance

	Amount	Amount
1) Dearness Allowance		1,20,000
2) Personal Expenses Allowance	600,000	
Less:- Exempt 70% of allowance. or ₹ 10,000 p.m. whichever is less)	1,20,000	4,80,000
3) Conveyance allowance	12,000	
Less:- amount spent for employment purpose	9,000	3,000
4) Education allowance	7,200	
Less:- Exempt ₹ 100 p.m. per child upto a maximum of two child (= 7,200 - 2,400)	2,400	4,800
Taxable Allowance		<u>6,17,200</u>

Q9 Determine the taxable value of rent free Plot

	₹ Amt	₹ Amt
Basic pay		3,40,000
Commission		24,000
Bonus		10,000
Uniform Allowance		
(6,000 - 3,600)		2,400
Transport Allowance		22,800
		<u>3,99,200</u>

a) Where the population is more than 25 lakh
Value of Rent free Flat = 15% of Salary
= 15% of ₹ 3,99,200
= ₹ 59,880.

b) Where the population is more than 10 lakh
but not exceeding 25 lakh:-
Value of rent free flat = 10% of Salary
= 10% of ₹ 3,99,200
= ₹ 39,920

c) Where the population does not exceed 10 lakh
Value of rent free flat = 7.5% of Salary
= 7.5% of ₹ 3,99,200
= ₹ 29,940.

Q.1
813/19 Computation of Taxable Salary from N.P.F.
For the Assessment year 2019-20

	Amount	Amount
i) Recognized provident Fund :-		
Salary		4,80,000
Sickness pay		48,000
ii) Employer's contribution to P.F. in excess of 12% of her Salary including SP		15,840
iii) Interest on P.F. in excess of the prescribed rate i.e. 9.5 %		
($72000 \times \frac{2.5}{12}$)		15000
Gross Salary		5,58,840
Less (i) Standard Deduction	40,000	
ii) Professional Tax	2000	42000
Taxable Salary		<u>5,16,840</u>
iv) Unrecognized Provident fund		
Salary		4,80,000

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Dearness pay		
Employer's Contribution		48,000
and interest		Nil
Gross Salary		5,28,000
Less: (i) Standard Deduction	40,000	
ii) Professional Tax	2,000	42,000
<u>Taxable Salary</u>		<u>4,86,000</u>

Q14 Soln

The amount of deduction from entertainment allowance will be the least of the following

- i) Entertainment Allowance received $5000 \times 12 = 60,000$
- ii) 20% of Salary $600000 \times \frac{20}{100} = 120,000$
- iii) Maximum limit 5000

Exempt 5000 hrs.

Q15 Soln computation of Gross Salary
For the Assessment Year 2019-20

	₹ Amount	₹ Amount
Basic Salary @ 12,000 p.m for 5 months		60,000
Basic Salary @ 10,000 p.m for 7 months		70,000

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Dearness allowance at ₹ 1000 p.m
for 5 months

5,000

Dearness allowance at ₹ 700
p.m for 7 months

4,900

compensation.

Furniture (10,000 - 2000 - 3000)

5000

Rent facilities for H.P

9750

Gross Salary

1,74,650

Less :- Standard Deduction

40,000

40,000

Taxable Salary

1,34,650

i) Value of Rent facilities

15% of Salary

$$65000 \times \frac{15}{100} = 9750$$

$$\text{Rent paid } 5000 \times 12 = 60,000$$

ii)

Furniture 2016 - 10,000

(Less) Depⁿ 10% 1000

9000

Less :- Depⁿ 10% 1000

8000

Sales

3000

5000

Q17) Computation of Taxable Salary for Mr. Ram
(For the Assessment year 2019-20)

	Amount	Amount
Salary $40,000 \times 12$		4,80,000
Dearness pay 10% of Salary		48,000
Entertainment Allowance 1000×12		12,000
Value of Rent free house 15% of 54,000		81,000
Car Salary (900×12)	10,800	
+ Driver (900×12)	10,800	21,600
Gross Salary		6,42,600
Less: Standard Deduction 40,000	40,000	40,000
Taxable Gross Salary		6,02,600

i) Dearness pay is included in Salary for the purpose of calculating Value of rent free house. However, D.P. is not part of Salary unless it is paid under the terms of employment.

ii) Value of Rent free house has been determined as under:-

15% of Salary of ₹ 5,40,000 ($\overset{\text{B.P.}}{4,80,000} + \overset{\text{D.A.}}{48,000} + \overset{\text{E.A.}}{12,000}$)

Q19) 30/10

Computation of Salary Income of Mr B
(For the Assessment year 2019-20)

	₹ Amount	₹ Amount
Basic Salary $40,000 \times 12$		264000
Sickness Allowance		48000
Bonus		48000
Commission		20000
Entertainment Allowance		15000
		36000
Gross Salary		323000
Less:- Standard Deduction	40,000	40000
Taxable Salary		2,83,000

Q20)

Computation of Income from Salary
(For the Assessment year 2019-20)

	₹ Amount	₹ Amount
Basic Salary (2,40,000 + 20,000)		2,60,000
Interest credited to R.P.F. at 9.5%	Exempt	
House Rent Allowance		10400
Unit linked Insurance plan		2000
Gross Salary		2,72,400
Less:- Standard Deduction	40,000	40,000
Taxable Salary		2,32,400

Working Note:-

The Amount whichever is lower is exempted for tax:-

- i) H.R.A received 14,400
- ii) Excess Rent paid over 10% of Salary
- | | | |
|----------------------|--------|------|
| Rent paid | 30,000 | |
| Less:- 10% of Salary | 26,000 | 4000 |
- iii) 40% of Salary
- $$260,000 \times \frac{40}{100} = 104000$$

Exempt 4000

Taxable 14400 - 4000 = 10400

Q21) Computation of Taxable income from Salary (For the Assessment year 2019-20)

	₹ Amount	₹ Amount
Basic Salary contribution (2,70,000 + 30,000)		3,00,000
Employee contribution to Excess of R.P.F @ 9.5%	Exempt	
Travelling Allowance	Exempt	
City Compensatory Allowance		10,000
Bonus		15,000
Entertainment Allowance		5000
Value of Rent free house facilities		42,300
Gas & Electricity		6000
Small Car (600 X 12)		7200

Teacher's Signature

Gross Salary	40,000	40,000
Taxable Salary		3,45,500

Working Note
computation of concession in rent
15% of ₹ 3,00,000 + 10,000 + 15,000 + 5000
= 49,500
7200
42,300
Less:- Rent paid

computation of Income from Salary
(For the Assessment year 2019-20)

	₹ Amount	₹ Amount
Basic Salary 11000 x 12		1,32,000
Entertainment Allowance 500 x 12		6,000
Value of Car 900 x 12		10,800
Transport facility		7,200
Bonus 11000 x 2		22,000
Value of Rent free house facility		10,800
Gross Salary		1,88,800
Less:- Standard Deduction		40,000
Income from Salary		40,000
		1,48,800

Working Note

i) Calculation of Value of Rent free house facility

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rent paid} &= 5400 \\ 15\% \text{ of Salary } 24000 &= 24000 \times \frac{15}{100} = 3600 \\ \text{Value of Rent free house facility} &= 5400 - 3600 = 1800 \end{aligned}$$

ii) Amount paid by employee
10% of Salary

$$\begin{aligned} &13200 \\ &\underline{10800} \end{aligned}$$

Q23 Soln

Computation of Income from Salary
(For the Assessment year 2019-20)

	Amount	Amount
Basic Salary $60,000 \times 12$		7,20,000
Commission $10,000 \times \frac{1}{100}$		10,000
Dearness Allowance $(10,000 \times 12)$		1,20,000
Bonus		32,000
House Rent Allowance $(120,000 - 83,000)$		37,000
Entertainment Allowance 1000×12		12,000
Income Tax paid by the employer	Exempt	
Free Gas, electricity & Water		50,000
Employee Contribution to R.P.F		
Excess of 12% of Salary $850,000 \times \frac{2.5}{100}$		21,250
Gross Salary		10,02,250

Less :- Standard Deduction.

40,000

Taxable income from Salary

40,000
9,60,000

Working Note

The amount whichever is lower is ex-
-emp for tax

i) H.R.A received $10,000 \times 12$

1,20,000

ii) Excess of Rent paid over 10% of Salary

Rent paid $14,000 \times 12 = 1,68,000$

83,000

(-) 10% of Salary 85,000

iii) 50% of Salary

$85,000 \times \frac{50}{100}$

= 4,25,000

Salary + ^{D.A} Commission + ^{Commission} Bonus
 $7,20,000 + 1,20,000 + 10,000$
= 8,50,000

Exempt = 83,000

Taxable = $1,20,000 - 83,000$
= 37,000

Q24, 2019 Computation of Income from Salary
(for the Assessment year 2019-20)

	Amount ₹	Amount ₹
Salary 11000×12		1,32,000
House Rent Allowance		4,800
Dearness Allowance		1,20,000
Entertainment Allowance		28,800
Employer Contribution to R.P.F in excess of 12% of Salary		2,640
Value of free canteen @ ₹ 1800 p.m		21,600
Gross Salary		3,09,840
Less:- Standard Deduction	40,000	40,000
Taxable Salary		2,69,840

Working Note:-

The amount whichever is lower is exempt for tax.

i) H.R.A received	4800×12	57,600
ii) Excess Rent paid over 10% of Salary		
Rent paid	72000	
10% of Salary	13200	58,800
iii) 40% of Salary	$132000 \times \frac{40}{100}$	52,800

Exempt 52,800

Taxable. $57600 - 52800 = 4800$

Teacher's Signature

Q.7 Computation of Taxable Income from Salary For the Assessment year 2019-20

	Amount ₹	Amount ₹
Basic Salary		3,60,000
Entertainment Allowance		6000
Dearness Allowance (7000×12)		84,000
Gardener (3000×12)		3600
Sweeper (300×12)		3600
Servant (300×12)		3600
Refrigerator 10% of 5000		500
Gas, electricity, water bills		2000
Membership fee of Rotary Club		2400
Small car $1800 \times 12 = 21600$		
+ Driver $900 \times 12 = 10800$		32400
Free education	Exempt	
Family tour		6000
Concession on shares (250×100)		2500
Gross Salary		529100
Less :- Standard Deduction	40,000	40,000
Taxable Salary		4,89,100